



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Bellacide® 355

# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier : Bellacide® 355 **Product code** : Not available.

**Chemical name** : Aqueous solution of tributyl tetradecyl phosphonium chloride.

Other means of identification : Bellacide® 355

**Product type** : liquid

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Biocide

Uses advised against			
Reason		None identified.	

Supplier's details : BWA Water Additives US LLC

A Company of Italmatch Chemicals Group

5544 Oakdale Road SE

Smyrna USA GA 30082 404-696-6711

Monday - Friday (9.00 - 17.00)

**Emergency telephone number** (with hours of operation)

For Chemical Emergency Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident Call

CHEMTREC Day or Night:

National contact +1-800-424-9300

International Emergency Telephone number: +1-703-527-3887 (call

collect)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Toxic if inhaled.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice

is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective

clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid

breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician.

Storage : Store locked up.

**Disposal**: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical name : Aqueous solution of tributyl tetradecyl phosphonium chloride.

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Bellacide® 355 Other means of identification

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Phosphonium, tributyltetradecyl-, chloride	4.5 - 5.5	81741-28-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Bellacide® 355

5% TTPC, 95% water

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label: DANGER. Corrosive. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

EPA Registration Number: 83451-16

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

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Description of necessary first ai	<u>d measures</u>
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be

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dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled.

Skin contact
Ingestion
Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness

**Inhalation** : Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat. Adverse symptoms may

include the following:, wheezing and breathing difficulties

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Adverse symptoms may include the following:,

pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Adverse symptoms

may include the following:, stomach pains, nausea or vomiting

# Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes. carbon monoxide, Decomposition products may include the following materials:, carbon dioxide, phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: No additional remark.

Remark

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving a

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

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Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from: alkalis acids Cyanide reducing agents oxidizing agents aluminium

# Storage temperature

Do not store above the following temperature: 50 °C

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : liquid Color : Colorless.

Odor : Slight

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : 6-8

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: 100 °C (212 °F)

Flash point : Not available. Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Lower: Not available. Upper: Not available.

Water-soluble liquid

Not available.

Not available.Not available.0.96 - 1.00

**Solubility** : Miscible in water.

Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced., In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes., Decomposition products may include the following materials:, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phosphorus

oxides, metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Bellacide® 355				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,000 mg/kg	-

LC50 Inhalation	Rat	0.9 mg/l	4 h
LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes burns.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Skin**No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not mutagenic in Ames test.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of

Not available.

exposure

# Potential acute health effects

**Eve contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.

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**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eve contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness

**Inhalation** : Can irritate eyes, nose, mouth and throat. Adverse symptoms may

include the following:, wheezing and breathing difficulties

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. Adverse symptoms may include the following:,

pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Adverse symptoms

may include the following:, stomach pains, nausea or vomiting

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

# **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

# Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### **Potential chronic health effects**

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

General:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
Bellacide® 355	10,000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.9 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure

Phosphonium, tributyltetradecy	l-, chloride		
	Acute LC50 0.087 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 0.2 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 0.0586 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 0.0252 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
Bellacide® 355			
	Acute LC50 0.065 mg/l	Bluegill	96 h
	Acute EC50 0.025 mg/l	Water flea	48 h
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
invertebrates.:			

**Conclusion/Summary**: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Biodegradable

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

# Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient** (**KOC**)

Not available.

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Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	2922	2922	2922	2922	2922
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (tributyltetradecyl phosphonium chloride)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (tributyltetradecyl phosphonium chloride)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (tributyltetradecyl phosphonium chloride)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (tributyltetradecyl phosphonium chloride)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (tributyltetradecyl phosphonium chloride)
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)
Packing group	П	II	П	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

Phosphonium, tributyltetradecyl-, chloride;

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Phosphonium, tributyltetradecyl-,

chloride;

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

**Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I** 

: Not listed

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Not listed

**Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** : Not listed

Chemicals)

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**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential**:

Chemicals)

Not listed

# SARA 302/304

# **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : ACUTE TOXICITY - dermal - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

# **State regulations**

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : None of the components are listed.

**Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

# California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

# **International regulations**

# Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

# **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

None of the components are listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

# **Annex A - Elimination - Production**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Annex A - Elimination - Use**

None of the components are listed.

# **Annex B - Restriction - Production**

None of the components are listed.

### **Annex B - Restriction - Use**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Annex C - Unintentional - Production**

None of the components are listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) - Industrial

None of the components are listed.

# Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) - Pesticide

None of the components are listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) -Severely hazardous pesticide

None of the components are listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

### **Heavy metals - Annex 1**

None of the components are listed.

### POPs - Annex 1 - Production

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 1 - Use

None of the components are listed.

# POPs - Annex 2

None of the components are listed.

# POPs - Annex 3

None of the components are listed.

### **Inventory list**

Australia: All components are listed or exempted.Canada: All components are listed or exempted.China: All components are listed or exempted.

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Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand:All components are listed or exempted.Philippines:All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea:All components are listed or exempted.Taiwan:All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.

United StatesViet NamAll components are listed or exempted.All components are listed or exempted.

# **Section 16. Other information**

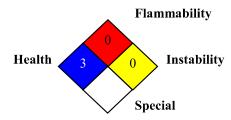
### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

0	
0	

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



# Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3	Expert judgment
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B	Expert judgment
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4	Expert judgment
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Expert judgment

# **History**

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Version : 1.1

Prepared by : POLLAD

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.